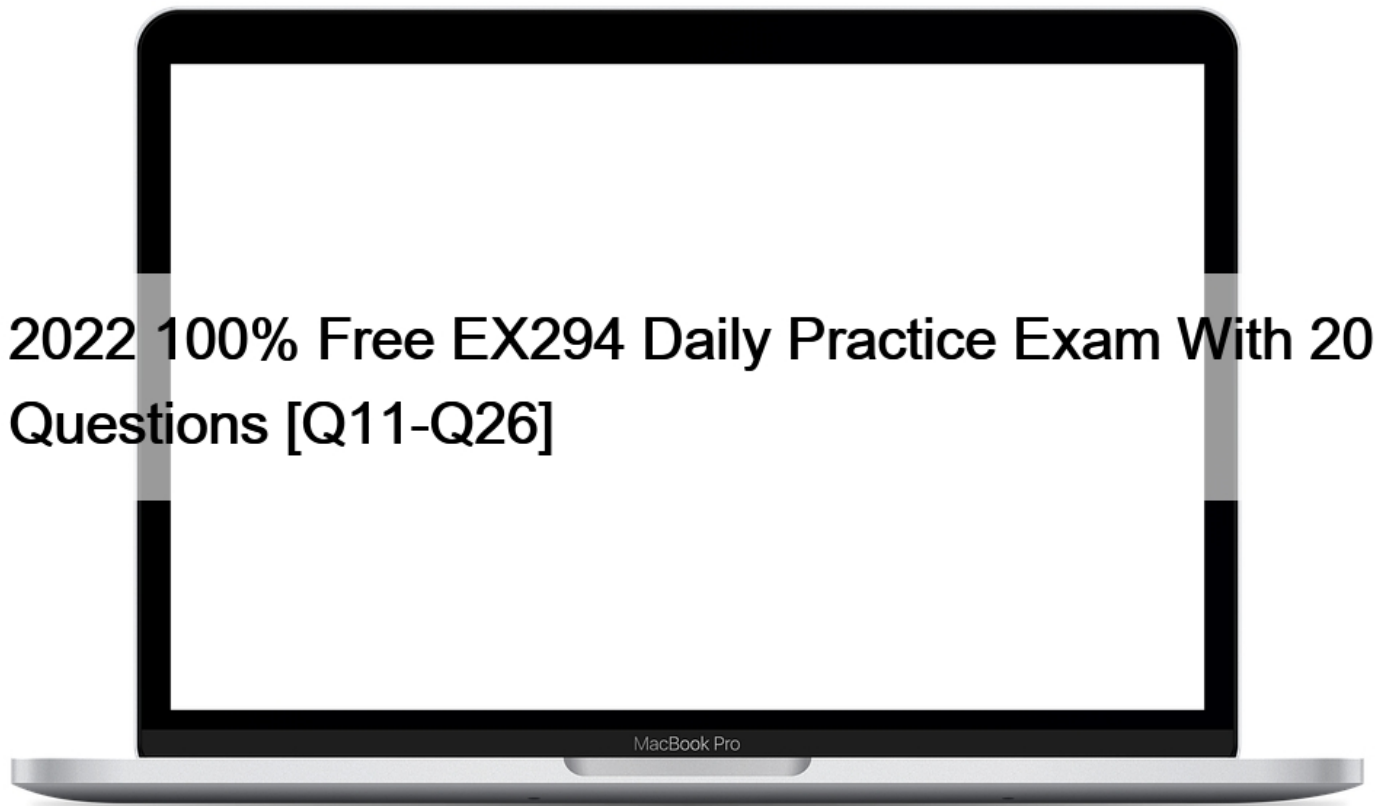


2022 100% Free EX294 Daily Practice Exam With 20 Questions [Q11-Q26]



2022 100% Free EX294 Daily Practice Exam With 20 Questions
EX294 exam torrent RedHat study guide

RedHat EX294 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic 1- Create SSH keys and distribute them to managed nodes- Create and use static invariants to define host groups
Topic 2- Install and configure a compatible control unit- Create a static host inventory file- Create a configuration file
Topic 3- Unable to create drama and playbook- Install the required package- Parallel management
Topic 4- Create a simple script- Configure error handling- Working with roles- Download and use roles from Ansible Galaxy
Topic 5- Create simple shell scripts that run custom Ansible commands- Administrative work scenario
Topic 6- To protect sensitive data, use Ansible Vault in the user guide- Take advantage of additional enhancements
Topic 7- Create managed managed nodes- Configure privilege escalation on managed nodes
Topic 8- Understand and use basic tools- System deployment, configuration and maintenance
Topic 9- Create and configure file systems- User and group management- Security management
Topic 10- Configure local storage- Operating system

Red Hat EX294 Exam Certification Details:

Exam Price\$400 USDSchedule ExamPEARSON VUEExam CodeEX294Number of Questions20Exam NameRed Hat Certified Engineer (RHCE)Duration240 minutes

NO.11 Install and configure ansible

User sandy has been created on your control node with the appropriate permissions already, do not change or modify ssh keys. Install the necessary packages to run ansible on the control node. Configure ansible.cfg to be in folder /home/sandy/ansible/ansible.cfg and configure to access remote machines via the sandy user. All roles should be in the path /home/sandy/ansible/roles. The inventory path should be in /home/sandy/ansible/inventlory.

You will have access to 5 nodes.

node1.example.com

node2.example.com

node3.example.com

node4.example.com

node5.example.com

Configure these nodes to be in an inventory file where node I is a member of group dev. nodc2 is a member of group test, node3 is a member of group proxy, nodc4 and node 5 are members of group prod. Also, prod is a member of group webservers.

* In/home/sandy/ansible/ansible.cfg

[defaults]

inventory=/home/sandy/ansible/inventory

roles_path=/home/sandy/ansible/roles

remote_user= sandy

host_key_checking=false

[privilegeescalation]

become=true

become_user=root

become_ask_pass=false

In /home/sandy/ansible/inventory

[dev]

node 1 .example.com

[test]

node2.example.com

node4.example.com

node5 .example.com

[webservers:children]

prod

* In/home/sandy/ansible/ansible.cfg

[defaults]

inventory=/home/sandy/ansible/inventory

roles_path=/home/sandy/ansible/roles

remote_user= sandy

host_key_checking=false

[privilegeescalation]

become=true

become_user=root

become_method=sudo

become_ask_pass=false

In /home/sandy/ansible/inventory

[dev]

node 1 .example.com

[test]

node2.example.com

[proxy]

node3 .example.com

[prod]

node4.example.com

```
node5 .example.com
```

```
[webservers:children]
```

```
prod
```

NO.12 Create a playbook that changes the default target on all nodes to multi-user target. Do this in playbook file called target.yml in /home/sandy/ansible

```
* &#8211; name: change default target
```

```
hosts: all
```

```
tasks:
```

```
&#8211; name: change target
```

```
file:
```

```
src: /usr/lib/systemd/system/multi-user.target dest: /etc/systemd/system/default.target state: link
```

```
* &#8211; name: change default target
```

```
hosts: all
```

```
&#8211; name: change target
```

```
file:
```

```
src: /usr/lib/systemd/system/multi-user.target dest: /etc/systemd/system/default.target state: link
```

NO.13 Create a playbook /home/bob /ansible/motd.yml that runs on all inventory hosts and docs the following: The playbook should replace any existing content of /etc/motd in the following text. Use ansible facts to display the FQDN of each host On hosts in the dev host group the line should be “Welcome to Dev Server FQDN”.

On hosts in the webserver host group the line should be “Welcome to Apache Server FQDN”.

On hosts in the database host group the line should be “Welcome to MySQL Server FQDN”.

```
* /home/sandy/ansible/apache.yml
```



```
---  
- name: htdocs.com  
  roles:  
    - sample-apache
```

/home/sandy/ansible/roles/sample-apache/tasks/main.yml
* /home/sandy/ansible/apache.yml

```
---  
- name: http  
  hosts: webserver  
  roles:  
    - sample-apache
```

/home/sandy/ansible/roles/sample-apache/tasks/main.yml

NO.14 Create a playbook called regulartasks.yml which has the system that append the date to /root/datefile every day at noon.
Name is job ‘datejob’

* Solution as:

```
- name: Creates a cron file under /etc/cron.d  
  cron:  
    name: datejob  
    hour: "12"  
    user: root  
    job: "date >> /root/ datefile"
```

* Solution as:

```
- name: Creates a cron file under /etc/cron.d  
  cron:  
    name:  
    hour: "12"  
    user: root  
    job: "date >> /root/ datefile"
```

NO.15 Create a file called specs.empty in home/bob/ansible on the local machine as follows:

HOST=

MEMORY=

BIOS=

VDA_DISK_SIZE=

VDB_DISK_SIZE=

Create the playbook /home/bob/ansible/specs.yml which copies specs.empty to all remote nodes; path /root/specs.txt. Using the specs.yml playbook then edit specs.txt on the remote machines to reflect the appropriate ansible facts.

* Solution as:

```
- name: edit file
  hosts: all
  tasks:
    - name: copy file
      copy: report.txt
      dest: /root/report.txt
    - name: change host
      lineinfile:
        regex: ^HOST
        line: HOST={{ansible_host}}
        state: present
        path: /root/report.txt
    - name: change mem
      lineinfile:
        line: MEMORY={{ansible_memtotal_mb}}
        regex: ^MEMORY
        state: present
        path: /root/report.txt
```

```
- name: change bios
  lineinfile:
    line: BIOS={{ansible_bios_version}}
    regex: ^BIOS
    state: present
    path: /root/report.txt
- name: change vda
  lineinfile:
    line: VDA_DISK_SIZE ={%if ansible_devices.vda is defined%}{{ansible_devices.vda.size}}{%else%}NONE{%endif%}
    regex: ^VDA_DISK_SIZE
    state: present
    path: /root/report.txt
- name: change vdb
  lineinfile:
    line: VDB_DISK_SIZE ={%if ansible_devices.vdb is defined%}{{ansible_devices.vdb.size}}{%else%}NONE{%endif%}
    regex: ^VDB_DISK_SIZE
    state: present
    path: /root/report.txt
```

* Solution as:

```
- name: edit file
hosts: all
tasks:
- name: copy file
  copy: report.txt
  dest: /root/report.txt
- name: change host
  lineinfile:
    regex: ^HOST
    line: HOST={{ansible_hostname}}
    state: present
    path: /root/report.txt
- name: change mem
  lineinfile:
    line: MEMORY={{ansible_memory_mb}}
    regex: ^MEMORY
    state: present
    path: /root/report.txt
- name: change bios
  lineinfile:
    line: BIOS={{ansible_bios_version}}
    regex: ^BIOS
    state: present
    path: /root/report.txt
- name: change vda
  lineinfile:
    line: VDA_DISK_SIZE ={%if ansible_devices.vda is defined%}{{ansible_devices.vda.size}}{%else%}NONE{%endif%}
    regex: ^VDA_DISK_SIZE
    line: VDB_DISK_SIZE ={%if ansible_devices.vdb is defined%}{{ansible_devices.vdb.size}}{%else%}NONE{%endif%}
    regex: ^VDB_DISK_SIZE
    state: present
    path: /root/report.txt
```

NO.16 Create a playbook called webdev.yml in `‘home/sandy/ansible`. The playbook will create a directory `Avcbdev` on `dev` host. The permission of the directory are `2755` and owner is `webdev`. Create a symbolic link from `/Webdev` to `/var/www/html/webdev`. Serve a file from `Avebdev7index.html` which displays the text `“Development”`; Curl `http://node1.example.com/webdev/index.html` to test

* Solution as:

```
- name: webdev
hosts: dev
tasks:
  - name: create webdev user
    user:
      name: webdev
      state: present
  - name: create a directory
    file:
      mode: '2755'
      path: /webdev
      state: directory
  - name: create symbolic link
    file:
      src: /webdev
      path: /var/www/html/webdev
      state: link
  - name: create index.html
    name: python3-policycoreutils
    state: present
  - name: allow httpd from this directory
    sefcontext:
      target: '/webdev(/.*)?'
      setype: httpd_sys_content_t
      state: present
  - name: restore the context
    shell: restorecon -vR /webdev
```

* Solution as:


```
- name: webdev
hosts: dev
tasks:
  - name: create webdev user
    user:
      name: webdev
      state: present
  - name: create a directory
    file:
      mode: '2755'
      path: /webdev
      state: directory
  - name: create symbolic link
    file:
      src: /webdev
      path: /var/www/html/webdev
      state: link
  - name: create index.html
    copy:
      content: Development
      dest: /webdev/index.html
  - name: Install selinux policies
    yum:
      name: python3-policycoreutils
      state: present
  - name: allow httpd from this directory
    sefcontext:
      target: '/webdev(/.*)?'
      setype: httpd_sys_content_t
      state: present
  - name: restore the context
```

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NO.17 Create a file called `adhoc.sh` in `/home/sandy/ansible` which will use adhoc commands to set up a new repository. The name of the repo will be `EPEL`; the description `RHEL8`; the baseurl is `https://dl.fedoraproject.org/pub/epel/epel-release-latest-8.noarch.rpm`; there is no `gpgcheck`, but you should enable the repo.

* You should be able to use an bash script using adhoc commands to enable repos. Depending on your lab setup, you may need to make this repo `state=absent`; after you pass this task.

* `chmod 0117 adhoc.sh`

```
vim adhoc.sh
```

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
ansible all -m yum_repository -a 'name=EPEL description=RHEL8
```

```
baseurl=https://dl.fedoraproject.org/pub/epel/epel-release-latest-8.noarch.rpm gpgcheck=no enabled=yes
```

```
* chmod 0777 adhoc.sh
```

```
vim adhoc.sh
```

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
ansible all -m yum_repository -a 'name=EPEL description=RHEL8
```

```
baseurl=https://dl.fedoraproject.org/pub/epel/epel-release-latest-8.noarch.rpm gpgcheck=no enabled=yes
```

NO.18 Create a file called `packages.yml` in `/home/sandy/ansible` to install some packages for the following hosts. On `dev`, `prod` and `webservers` install packages `httpd`, `mod_ssl`, and `mariadb`. On `dev` only install the `development tools` package. Also, on `dev` host update all the packages to the latest.

* Option

```
---
- name: install pack
  hosts: dev, test, webservers
  become: true
  tasks:
    - name: install on all hosts in this play
      yum:
        name:
          - httpd
          - mod_ssl
          - mariadb
        state: latest
    - name: install on dev only
      yum:
        name:
          - '@Development tools'
        state: latest
      when: "dev" in group_names
```

** NOTE 1 a more acceptable answer is likely `present`; since it's not asking to install the latest state:
`present`

** NOTE 2 need to update the development node

`name: update all packages on development node`

`yum:`

`name: present;`

`state: latest`

* Option

```
---
- name: install pack
  hosts: dev, test, webservers
  become: true
  tasks:
    - name: install on all hosts in this play
      yum:
        name:
        state: latest
    - name: install on dev only
      yum:
        name:
          - '@Development tools'
        state: latest
      when: "dev" in group_names
```

** NOTE 1 a more acceptable answer is likely `present`; since it's not asking to install the latest state:
`present`

** NOTE 2 need to update the development node

`name: update all packages on development node`

`yum:`

`name: present;`

`state: latest`

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