



Which privacy principle provisions notified under Sec 43A were exempted for the service providers?

- \* Consent
- \* Privacy policy (which is published)
- \* Access and Correction
- \* Disclosure of information

**Q36.** ABC Health Care is a large healthcare delivery chain, with 8 hospitals and more than 20 health centers. It has decided to streamline its patient care system. The new system needs to integrate data from more than 20 clinical, scheduling, and billing systems. It needs to support all types of data-intensive projects, which includes masking sensitive health information.

You have been approached to address privacy concerns during integration of the new system. Arrange the below listed steps in sequential order for the most appropriate implementation of privacy protection measures.

I. Creating a privacy policy to safeguard the sensitive personal data

II. Measuring and monitoring privacy policy and processes implementation to provide ongoing proof that data has been protected III. Defining and classifying sensitive personal data, including data and metadata patterns IV. Masking data consistently across the systems to meet various compliance standards

V. Discovering where the sensitive personal data is stored across databases, applications, endpoints and servers Please select the most logical sequence from below options:

- \* II &#8211; I &#8211; IV &#8211; V
- \* V &#8211; II &#8211; III &#8211; I &#8211; IV
- \* III &#8211; V &#8211; I &#8211; IV &#8211; II
- \* I &#8211; III &#8211; V &#8211; II &#8211; IV

Section: Privacy Technologies and Organization Ecosystem

**Q37.** Which of the following legislations/ guidelines do not cover the concept of trans-border data flow?

- \* OECD
- \* IT (Amendment) Act, 2008
- \* PIPEDA
- \* None of the above

Section: Privacy Principles and Laws

**Q38.** Which among the following can be classified as the most important purpose for enactment of data protection/

privacy regulations across the globe?

- \* Protect the constitution
- \* Penalize the organizations and impose fines for failure to protect privacy
- \* Ensure peace in the society
- \* Protect individual rights

**Q39.** A company collects personal information about its employees and requests them to provide accurate information in order to avail benefits such as life insurance and medical insurance. Employees of the company have raised concerns about use of their personal information. Due to the concerns, the company has decided to create a privacy policy. What all should the company include in its privacy policy to address the raised concerns?

- \* The purpose of collection of personal data
- \* The principle of presumed consent for data disclosure to avail benefits
- \* Information about how personal information is processed and used, specifically

- \* Contact details of Law Enforcement Agencies (LEA) to whom information is disclosed

**Q40.** Which of the following provides the legal basis for an Adjudicating Officer in every Indian state & union

territory, with the powers of a civil court, to hear complaints and order compensation to the affected

individuals?

- \* Indian Civil Code
- \* Indian Criminal Procedure Code
- \* Telecom Regulatory Authority of India (TRAI) Act
- \* Information Technology Act, 2000 & Information Technology (Amendment) Act, 2008

**Q41.** From the following list, select the element (elements) that comprise APEC's cross border privacy rules system:

- \* recognition/acceptance by APEC members
- \* dispute resolution and enforcement
- \* self-assessment
- \* compliance review

**Q42.** What is the standard definition for Data Controller?

- \* One who necessarily collects the data
- \* One who stores the data
- \* One who determines the purpose and means of processing
- \* One who shares the data with third parties

Section: Privacy Fundamentals

Explanation/Reference: <https://www.atinternet.com/en/glossary/data-controller/>

**Q43.** General Data Protection Regulation, 2016 applies to processing of personal data of natural persons that are:

- \* EU Citizens
- \* EU Residents
- \* None of the above

Section: Privacy Principles and Laws

Explanation/Reference: [https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/LSU/?uri=uriserv:OJ.L\\_.2016.119.01.0001.01.ENG](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/LSU/?uri=uriserv:OJ.L_.2016.119.01.0001.01.ENG)

**Q44.** Please select the incorrect statement in context of 'Online Privacy':

- \* A person's act of selective disclosure; (of themselves) in an online environment
- \* A person's concern over usage of information that were collected during an online activity
- \* A person's control over collection of information during an online activity
- \* A person's concern on the software licensing agreement they sign with any organization

**Q45.** What are the roles an organization can play from privacy perspective?

i. Data Controller; determines the means and purpose of processing of data which is collected from its end customers  
ii. Data Controller; determines the means and purpose of processing of data which is collected from its employees  
iii. Data Sub-Processor; processes personal data on behalf of data processor  
iv. Joint Controller; determines the means and purpose of data processing along with other data controller  
Please select correct option:

- \* i, ii and iii
- \* ii, iii and iv
- \* i, iii and iv

- \* i, ii, iii and iv

**Q46.** A government agency collecting biometrics of citizens can deny sharing such information with Law

Enforcement Agencies (LEAs) on which of the following basis?

- \* The purpose of collecting the biometrics is different than what LEAs intent to use it for
- \* The consent of data subjects has not been taken
- \* Government agencies would share the biometrics with LEAs on one condition if LEA properly notify

the citizens

- \* None of the above, as government agencies would never deny any LEA for sharing such information for

the purpose of mass surveillance

**Q47.** Historically, which of these events led to the formation of our current concept of privacy?

- \* Civil rights are fundamental liberties
- \* Declaration of human rights
- \* The right to be left alone
- \* A binding corporate rule

Following are the overview of global evolution of Privacy: 1890 &#8211; Right to be left alone 1940 &#8211; Fundamental civil liberty 1948 &#8211; Universal Declaration of Human Rights 1967 &#8211; modern definition, claim of individual 1980 &#8211; OECD Privacy Principles

**Q48.** Which of the following are key contributors that would enhance the complexity in implementing security measures for protection personal information?

- \* Data collection through multiple modes and channels
- \* Evolution of nimble and flexible business processes affecting access management
- \* Regulatory requirements to issue privacy notice and data breach notification in specified format
- \* Increasing focus on right to privacy

**Q49.** Which of the following mechanisms or steps are likely to be taken by an organization for implementing

privacy program?

i Deploying physical and technology safeguards to protect personal information assets

ii. Privacy consideration in product and service design

iii. Privacy implementation to focus only on projects impacted by privacy breaches

iv. Benchmarking against industry peers&#8217; privacy implementation

v. Installing privacy enhancing tools and technologies for the projects dealing with organization&#8217;s intellectual

property

Please select the correct set of statements from the below options:

- \* All
- \* All except iii
- \* Only i, and ii

- \* Only i, ii and iv

**Q50.** In the history of human evolution, erection of walls and fences around one's living spaces is interpreted as arrival of which type of privacy consciousness?

- \* Data privacy
- \* Physical privacy
- \* Organizational privacy
- \* Communication privacy

**Q51.** Companies based in EU and willing to transfer data outside the EU/EEA, use model contracts as an instrument.

Which of the following statements are true in reference to above statement?

- \* It is a requirement mentioned in EU Data Protection Directive
- \* It is a requirement mentioned in the OECD Privacy Framework
- \* It is a requirement mentioned in the EU E-Commerce Directive
- \* None of the above

Section: Privacy Principles and Laws

**Q52.** Which of the following privacy principle deals with informed consent of the data subject before sharing the personal information (of the data subject) to third parties for processing?

- \* Collection limitation
- \* Purpose limitation
- \* Disclosure of information
- \* Accountability

**Q53.** Which of the following could be considered as triggers for updating privacy policy?

- \* Regulatory changes
- \* Privacy breach
- \* Change in service provider for an established business process
- \* Recruitment of more employees

Section: Privacy Technologies and Organization Ecosystem

**Q54.** As per Article 33 of GDPR, in case of a personal data breach, the data controller has to inform the supervisory authority within \_\_\_\_\_ of becoming aware of the breach.

- \* 48 hours
- \* 14 days
- \* 72 hours
- \* 24 hours

Section: Privacy Principles and Laws

Explanation/Reference: <https://gdpr-info.eu/art-33-gdpr/>

**Q55.** According to the EU-US Safe Harbour Framework, which of the following is not required when transferring personal information from EU member nations to the US?

- \* Contracts with EU data exporters should include standard contractual clauses
- \* Safe harbor principles must be followed
- \* The self-certification process with the Federal Trade Commission
- \* Privacy information publicly disclosed

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