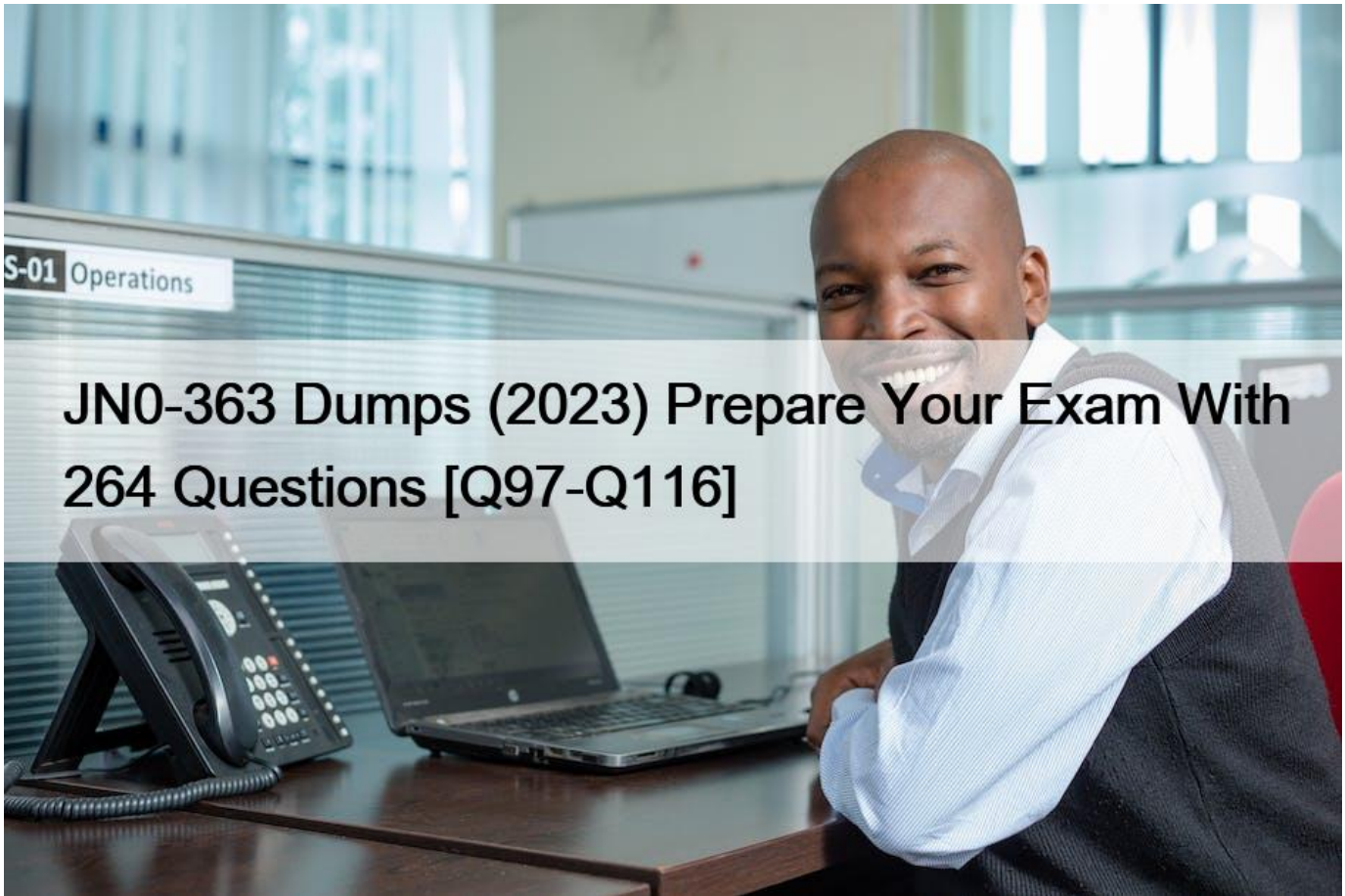
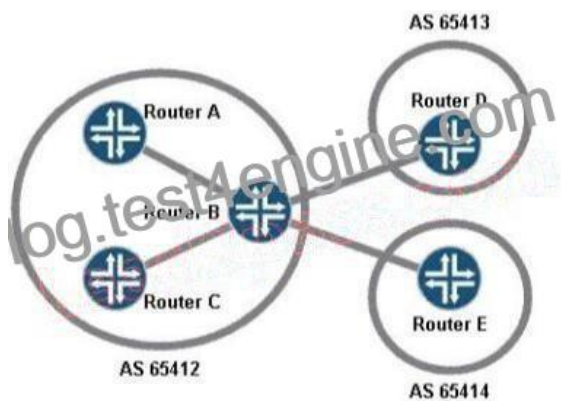


JN0-363 Dumps (2023) Prepare Your Exam With 264 Questions [Q97-Q116]



JN0-363 Dumps (2023) Prepare Your Exam With 264 Questions New JN0-363 Dumps - Real Juniper Exam Questions NEW QUESTION 97

Click the Exhibit button. In the exhibit, all routers are sending routes to Router B



Which routes will be advertised from Router B to Router D?

- * BGP routes learned from Router A only
- * BGP routes learned from Router E only
- * BGP routes learned from Routers A and C only
- * BGP routes learned from Routers A, C and E only

NEW QUESTION 98

Which statement correctly describes a characteristic of IPv6 unicast addressing?

- * Global addresses are in the range of 2002::/16.
- * Only one loopback address exists, ::1/128.
- * Link-local addresses are in the range of FF00::/8.
- * Link-local addresses are in the range of FE00::/12.

NEW QUESTION 99

What is the correct order of BGP attributes for active route selection?

- * next hop -> local preference -> AS path -> MED -> origin
- * next hop -> AS path -> local preference -> origin -> MED
- * next hop -> local preference -> AS path -> origin -> MED
- * next hop -> origin -> local preference -> AS path -> MED

NEW QUESTION 100

What are three types of interfaces that can be used in an MX Series device when implementing a virtual switch routing instance?
(Choose three.)

- * Trunk interface
- * Access interface
- * Layer 2 logical interface
- * GRE tunnel interface
- * Logical tunnel interface

NEW QUESTION 101

Which configuration can be applied to ensure that no more than 600 MAC addresses are learned by a virtual switch?

```
C A protocols {
    12-learning {
        global-mac-limit {
            600;
        }
    }
}

C B switch-options {
    mac-table-size {
        600;
    }
}

C C bridge-domains {
    vlan_100 {
        vlan-id 100;
        bridge-options {
            mac-table-size {
                600;
            }
        }
    }
}

C D bridge-domains {
    bridge-options {
        mac-table-size {
            600;
        }
    }
    vlan_100 {
        vlan-id 100;
    }
}
```

- * Option A
- * Option B
- * Option C
- * Option D

NEW QUESTION 102

You are deploying link aggregation groups.

- * By default, what are two considerations in this scenario? (Choose two.)
- * There should only be four member links per LAG.
- * All the ports must have the same speed.
- * Member links are required to be contiguous ports.
- * Member links can reside on different members within an MC-LAG.

NEW QUESTION 103

By default, which three criteria are used by the Junos load-balancing algorithm to determine a traffic flow? (Choose three.)

- * protocol
- * source port
- * destination port
- * source address
- * destination address

NEW QUESTION 104

Click the Exhibit.

```
[edit routing-options static]
user@router# show
route 0.0.0/0 next-hop 10.0.1.1;
route 192.168.5.0/24 {
  qualified-next-hop 172.16.1.2 {
    preference 8;
    metric 5;
  }
  qualified-next-hop 172.16.1.3 {
    preference 5;
    metric 8;
  }
}
```

Referring to the configuration shown in the exhibit, which statement is true?

- * Traffic destined to address 192.168.5.1 will take next-hop 172.16.1.2.
- * Traffic destined to address 192.168.5.1 will alternate between next-hops 172.16.1.2 and 172.16.1.3
- * Traffic destined to address 192.168.5.1 will take next-hop 10.0.1.1.
- * Traffic destined to address 192.168.5.1 will take next-hop 172.16.1.3.

NEW QUESTION 105

You notice that the RID of your router is being taken from the address of your management interface.

What could cause this scenario?

- * The loopback address was configured with a /32 address.
- * The loopback address was not configured under [edit protocols ospf].
- * A suitable loopback address was not configured on the router.
- * The loopback address was configured under [edit routing-options].

NEW QUESTION 106

An OSPF router does not have a router ID configured.

In this scenario, which statement is correct about the router ID?

- * The Junos OS will use the IP address assigned to the interface with the lowest MAC address.
- * A router ID will not be assigned until it is manually configured.
- * The Junos OS will use the IP address assigned to the loopback interface for the router ID.
- * The Junos OS will use the IP address assigned to the Interface with the highest priority.

NEW QUESTION 107

Which two statements are true about IBGP on MX Series devices? (Choose two.)

- * Neighbors can be located anywhere within the AS
- * Interface Lo0 must be used for peering
- * It does not support multihop
- * It is loop free by default

https://www.juniper.net/documentation/en_US/junos/topics/topic-map/bgp-ibgp-peering.html

NEW QUESTION 108

Which MPLS feature works with Constrained Shortest Path First (CSPF) to protect against the primary and secondary paths using the same link?

- * fate-sharing
- * explicit null configuration
- * policy control over LSP selection
- * LSP metrics

NEW QUESTION 109

Which action would you use to connect two virtual switches that are configured on the same router?

- * Create a VRF routing instance
- * Create a forwarding routing instance
- * Connect the virtual switches with a cable
- * Configure an irb interface

NEW QUESTION 110

How does a Junos device learn about MAC addresses when it is first connected to an Ethernet LAN?

- * The device sends out a network broadcast message asking for all devices and MAC addresses on the network and stores this information in addition to the interface from which the response was received.
- * The device learns the destination MAC addresses from traffic in the network and stores this MAC address in addition to the interface from which the traffic was received.
- * The device learns the source MAC addresses from traffic in the network and stores this MAC address in addition to the interface from which the traffic was received.
- * The device sends out a network multicast message asking for all devices and MAC addresses on the network and stores this information in addition to the interface from which the response was received.

NEW QUESTION 111

What happens when a packet matches a static route with the next hop parameter set to reject?

- * The system silently drops the packet
- * An ICMP message is sent to the source and the packet is forwarded
- * An ICMP message is sent to the source and the packet is dropped
- * The packet is forwarded and the packet is marked as rejected in the header

<https://www.informit.com/articles/article.aspx?p=30666&seqNum=5>

NEW QUESTION 112

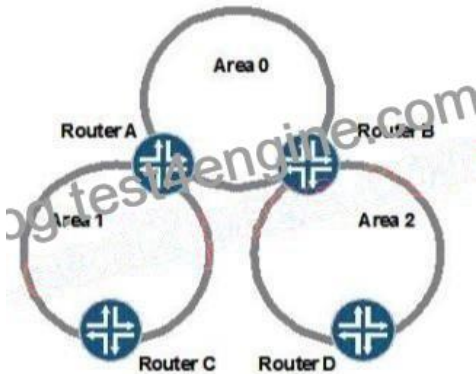
Which statement is correct about the FE80::/10 prefix?

- * This prefix range is used for the link local address.
- * This prefix range is used on the loopback interface.
- * This prefix range is reserved for multicast applications
- * This prefix range is not reserved.

NEW QUESTION 113

Click the Exhibit button. Given the OSPF network topology shown in the exhibit, you would like to inject external (non- OSPF)

routes into the network on Router D



Which two OSPF area types will support this configuration? (Choose two)

- * stub area
- * totally stubby area
- * not-so-stubby area
- * non-backbone area

NEW QUESTION 114

You must establish an MPLS LSP between two locations. You are required to ensure that the LSP traverses specific routers within the network.

Which solution is correct in this scenario?

- * Enable traffic engineering within RSVP and enable the Fast Reroute feature
- * Implement RSVP and define the explicit route the LSP must follow
- * Implement LDP and define the explicit route the LSP must follow
- * Enable traffic engineering within LDP and define the explicit route the LSP must follow

NEW QUESTION 115

You have configured multiple IP-IP tunnels across your network to provide connectivity to remote sites. Which technique is used to help the IP endpoints in your network determine the optimal packet size to send across your tunnels?

- * path MTU discovery
- * fragmentation discovery
- * end-to-end MTU discovery
- * packet throughput discovery

NEW QUESTION 116

You observe that VPN routes are hidden on your PE router. Which situation accounts for these hidden routes?

- * The protocol next-hop is not found in inet.3
- * The protocol next-hop is not found in mpls 0
- * The protocol next-hop is not found in bgp I3vpn 0
- * The protocol next-hop is not found in inet 2

Juniper JN0-363 Exam Certification Details:

Exam Price\$300 USDExam RegistrationPEARSON VUEExam CodeJN0-363 JNCIS-SPRecommended TrainingJunos Intermediate Routing (JIR)

Junos Service Provider Switching (JSPX)

Junos MPLS Fundamentals (JMF)Passing ScorePass / Fail (60-70% Approx.)Exam NameService Provider Routing and Switching SpecialistDuration90 minutesSample QuestionsJuniper JN0-363 Sample Questions

Get Ready with JN0-363 Exam Dumps: https://www.test4engine.com/JN0-363_exam-latest-braindumps.html